Key Vocabulary

fraud	A crime where someone tricks somebody else to get an unfair or unlawful gain or advantage.
online communication	A way in which we interact with other people using technology over the Internet.
padlock	If there is a **padlock** icon next to the URL, this means the website is secure and can be trusted.
personal information	Any data that can be used to identify an specific person, such as their full name, birthday, address or school.
privacy	Being able to choose how much information or data is shared with other people.
secure	If a **website** is **secure**, it is considered safe to use and input data into.
stereotype	A well-known idea or image of a group of people, which is held by a number of people.
website	A collection of web pages grouped together.
Uniform Resource Locator (URL)	The unique web address for individual web pages. This is the address given to find web pages on a web browser, for example www.twinkl.co.uk.

What Information Is Safe to Share Online?

These examples are safe to share online:

- favourite subject at school
- what your hobby is
- how many brothers and sisters you have
- what you did at the weekend
- your friends (without names)
- your teachers (without names)
- your favourite TV show

However, only talk to people online who you know and trust.

What does SMART stand for?

Safe

Meeting

Accepting

Reliable

Tell

What Is Cyberbullying?

Cyberbullying (also known as online bullying) is any form of bullying that takes place online and causes harm or distress to a person or group of people.

Think about how hurtful your words could be when writing something online.

If you think you might have written something mean, you should say sorry and remove the comment if you can.

Remember, if you see anything online that makes you feel upset or uncomfortable:

Report - Report via the online site that you experienced it on, then tell a trusted adult about it and ask for help.

Save - Keep evidence; take screenshots.

Block - Block the person or group of people responsible.

Bullying vs Cyberbullying

Bullying:
The bully can see if the person gets upset or angry.

Cyberbullying:
The bully cannot see the effect on the person and this means they are less likely to feel guilty. Other people can't see that the victim is hurt, and they are less likely to intervene.

How Can You Tell a Website Is Secure?

Look at the **URL**. Does it read http or https at the beginning? The 's' stands for **secure**!

Some browsers will also show a **padlock** to show that the site is **secure**.

There are also many logos used to show that a site is **secure**, ask an adult if you're not sure which logos are real.

But remember, anyone can copy and paste a logo to make it look like the real thing!